

SUGAR INSURANCE FUND BOARD

Annual Report 2010



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Chairman's Letter

The Honourable Charles Gaëtan Xavier-Luc Duval, G.C.S.K. Minister of Finance and Economic Development, Vice-Prime Minister Port-Louis

Dear Sir

The Board is pleased to present its Annual Report and the Audited Accounts of the Sugar Insurance Fund for the year 2010.

Yours faithfully

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Professor J. Manrakhan G. O. S. K. Chairman Sugar Insurance Fund Board

Date: 18 October 2011

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Letter to Insureds

Dear Insureds,

We are pleased to present the Annual Report of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board for the year 2010. The accounts have been prepared within the best practices applicable to insurance entities and in line with International Financial Reporting Standards. The Board is also pleased to report that on consultation with the appointed Actuary and approval of the Minister of Finance and Economic Development an exceptional discount of 70% has been granted to all insureds on General Premium Crop 2010 so that a sum of about MUR 354 million has been discounted in favour of insureds. The equity value of the Fund has grown from MUR 4.9 billion in 2009 to MUR 5.3 billion in 2010.

Corporate Information

Directors of the Board:-

Professor J. Manrakhan, G.O.S.K	Chairman
Mr. K. Bunjun	Representative of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Development
Mr. J. C. Béga	Representative of Millers
Mr. C. Bhugun	Representative of the Ministry of Agro Industry, Food Production and Security
Mr. D. Bundhoo	Representative of the Director General (Economic Division) Ministry of Finance and Economic Development
Mr. J. Bundhoo	Representative of the Mauritius Sugar Authority
Mr. G. Leung Shing	Representative of the Mauritius Chamber of Agriculture
Mr. D. Pilot	Representative of Planters
Mr. V. Ramharai	General Manager, Cane Planters and Millers Arbitration and Control Board
Mr. S. Purmanund	Representative of Planters
Mr. J. Seegobin	Representative of Planters

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Corporate Information (Contd)

Committees of the Board

Besides the statutory provision regarding the Investment Committee, the Board has, in line with best practices, established the following committees namely -

Corporate Governance Committee, Assessment Committee, Audit and Risk Management Committee, Budget and Procurement Committee and Staff Committee.

Corporate Governance Committee

The Corporate Governance Committee is chaired by the Chairman of the Board and has as members Chairmen of all Committees. Its main function is to ensure compliance to good corporate governance practice.

Investment Committee

The Committee established by legislation is presided by the Chairman of the Board and comprises (i) Mr. J. C. Béga, (ii) Mr. K. Bunjun, (iii) Mr. G. Leung Shing as members and attributes the investment strategies of the Fund.

Assessment Committee

The Assessment Committee is chaired by Mr. V. Ramharai with Messrs J. Bundhoo, D. Pilot and S. Purmanund as members.

The Committee reviews and formulates policies regarding the General and Fire insurances. The Committee further makes recommendation to the Board for declaration of "event years" and oversees the general assessment process.

Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Audit and Risk Management Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. J.C. Béga, has as members Mr. D. Bundhoo and Mr. J. Seegobin.

The Committee oversees the Internal Audit and Internal Control functions and reviews the effectiveness of the internal and external audit process. The Committee assesses and addresses risk inherent to the business.

Budget and Procurement Committee

The Budget and Procurement Committee is constituted as follows - Mr. G. Leung Shing as Chairman, and Mr. D. Bundhoo, Mr. S. Purmanund and Mr. J. Seegobin as members.

The Budget and Procurement Committee through budgetary control monitors the annual expenditure and ensures procurement of goods and services through established procedures.

Staff Committee

The Staff Committee consists of Mr. K. Bunjun (Chairman), Mr. C. Bhugun, Mr. S. Purmanund and Mr. J. Seegobin (members).

The Staff Committee deals with all staff matters taking into account the dynamics of socio-economic and technological developments facing the sugar cane and insurance and related industries, in Mauritius and world-wide.

Corporate Information (Contd)

Senior Management

- Mr. Diness PURRYAG
 Ms. Deeptee BOODHOO
 Mr. Johnny S.S. CHONG CHAP SIN
 Mr. Deorajnuth GANSAM
 Mr. Gaoutam GOOROOCHURN
 Mr. Yan LOCK SON (up to 4 August 2010)
 Mr. Youveraj NATHOO
 Mr. Yung Kiong J. NEWK FON HEY TOW
 Mr. M. Ameen I. NOORMAHOMED
 Mr. Mohamed Y.M.A.F.E. PEERMAMODE
 Ms. L. D. RAMKISSOON
 Mr. Jayendra SOOKDEB
 Mr. Krishnamoorthy P. VAYAPOOREE
- General Manager Manager (Finance) Senior Network Engineer Manager (Survey) Chief Manager Finance Chief Manager (Information Systems Services) Internal Auditor Chief Manager (Operations) Manager (Finance) Senior Software Engineer Administrative Secretary Claims Manager Manager (Inspection)

Legal Advisers

1. André Robert, Jr., Attorney-at-Law

2. State Law Office

Auditors

Director of Audit, National Audit Office

Re-Insurance Broker

Willis Re., Willis Limited, London

Main Bankers

- 1. Barclays Bank PLC
- 2. Mauritius Commercial Bank Ltd
- 3. State Bank of Mauritius Ltd

Acknowledgement and Thanks

The Board wishes to thank the staff for their contribution and the other organisations for their collaboration.

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Corporate Governance Report

The Sugar Insurance Fund Board is a statutory body set up under the Sugar Insurance Fund Act 1974 (as amended).

Mission Statement

To provide financial support for a long term, viable and sustainable Sugar Industry.

Objectives

To insure the sugar production of planters, metayers, millers and refiners against losses due to the effects of inclement weather such as cyclones, drought and excessive rainfall under its General Insurance policy. Fire occurrence in sugar cane fields is another risk covered by the Fund under its Fire Insurance policy.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Fund's Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and in compliance with the requirements of prevailing statutes.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

The fundamental statutory responsibilities of the Board of Directors are to lay down the overall policies regulating the various business/activities of the Fund; it oversees the Fund's strategic direction and its organisational structure. The Board discharges the above responsibilities either directly or through Board Committees for more in-depth analysis and review of various issues while retaining its responsibility for all policy matters. The Chairman of each Committee periodically places reports of its proceedings before the Board for approval/ information, as may be relevant. The Board promotes openness, integrity and accountability to improve corporate behaviour, strengthens control systems over business and reviews management performance on a regular basis. In addition, the Board is committed to ensure as far as reasonably possible, and in accordance with legislation in force, the safety and health of its staff. To fulfill their responsibilities, Board members have unhindered access to accurate, relevant and timely information.

Internal Control

Directors' responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Such systems should ensure that all transactions are authorised and recorded and that any material irregularities are detected and rectified within a reasonable time-frame. The Fund has an established Internal Audit function which assists the Board and Management in effectively discharging its responsibilities. Internal Audit is an independent function that reports directly to the Audit and Risk Management Committee. Business controls are reviewed on an on-going basis by Internal Audit using a cycle-based risk approach.

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Chairman

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Director

Directorate and Management

Board of Directors - Directors' Profile



MR. JEAN CLAUDE BÉGA

DIRECTOR - Representative of Millers

Born in 1963, Mr. Jean-Claude Béga, a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, Chief Financial Officer of Groupe Mon Loisir, was appointed as Director in January 2002. He is also Director of a number of Companies including Naïade Resorts Ltd and Alternate Director of AfrAsia Bank Limited and Mauritius Stationery Manufacturers Ltd.



MR. KRESHNA NUNDUN BUNJUN

DIRECTOR – Representative of the Ministry of Finance & Economic Development

Born in 1950, Mr K.N. Bunjun, Director (Economic & Finance) at the Ministry of Finance & Economic Development, holds a degree in Economics. He was appointed Director of the Board since December 2008. He is also a member of the National Economic and Social Council and the Investment Committee of the National Pensions and National Savings Funds [NPF/NSF]. Mr Bunjun has served as Head of the Transport Policy Unit, Ministry of Land Transport & Shipping until he was appointed Assistant Director in June 2005. He has also assisted UNECA and UNDP as a freelance consultant.

Prof. JAGADISH MANRAKHAN, GOSK

CHAIRMAN

Born in 1937, Prof. J. Manrakhan holds a MSC in Agricultural Economics from the University of Reading. He was the former Vice-Chancellor of the University of Mauritius from 1979 to 1995, and the former Executive Director of the Mauritius Research Council from 1995 to 1998. He was also a former Director of the Standard Bank (Mauritius) Ltd and has been appointed as Chairman of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board since November 2000.



MR. CHETTANDEO BHUGUN

DIRECTOR – Representative of Ministry of Agro Industry, Food Production & Security

Born in 1956, Mr. C. Bhugun, Acting Permanent Secretary at the Ministry of Agro Industry, Food Production & Security holds a MBA. He was appointed Director of the Board since October 2005. He is also a Board Member of the Mauritius Sugar Terminal Corporation, the Sugar Planters Mechanical Pool Corporation and the Irrigation Authority and is the Chairperson of the Mauritius Sugar Authority since 1 December 2010



Directorate and Management (Cont'd)

Board of Directors - Directors' Profile



MR. JUGDIS BUNDHOO

DIRECTOR – Representative of Mauritius Sugar Authority

Born in 1954, Mr. J. Bundhoo holds a BSC Joint Honours degree in Chemistry and Physiology from the University of Salford, a MSC in Soil Chemistry from the University of Reading and a MSC in Information Science from City University. He is Deputy Executive Director/ Human Resources Manager at the Mauritius Sugar Authority and was appointed as Director of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board in 16 July 2009. He is also a Director of the Farmers Service Corporation and the Bagged Sugar Storage & Distribution Co. Ltd

MR. DEOBRUT BUNDHOO

DIRECTOR – Representative of Ministry of Finance and Economic Development

Born in 1953, Mr. D. Bundhoo holds a MSc in Agricultural Economics from the University of Reading, UK. He was appointed Director of the Board since July 2001





MR. GEORGES LEUNG SHING

DIRECTOR – Representative of the Chamber of Agriculture

Born in 1945, Mr. G. Leung Shing holds a Bachelor's Degree in Economics and is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an Associate of the Chartered Institute of Taxation. He was appointed as Director in September 1992. Mr. G. Leung Shing is also the Chairperson of the Mauritius Institute of Directors and the Mauritius Development Investment Trust Co Ltd, a member of the Financial Reporting Council and Financial Reporting Monitoring Panel, and a Director of Standard Bank Mauritius Ltd, Omnicane Ltd (formerly Mon Trésor and Mon Désert Ltd), and Mauritius Stationery Manufacturers Ltd.

Directorate and Management (Cont'd)

Board of Directors - Directors' Profile



MR. DENIS PILOT

DIRECTOR – Representative of Planters

Born in 1950, Mr. Denis Pilot, holder of a BSC in Agronomy (LSU), General Manager of Harel Frères, Sugar Operations was appointed as Director in 2004. He is also a Director of Belle Vue Milling Co Ltd and Société Koenig Frères.

MR. SRINIVASS PURMANUND

DIRECTOR – Representative of Planters

Born in 1933, Mr. S. Purmanund was appointed as Director of the Board in December 2006. He has a wide experience in the sugar industry and the co-operative movement.





MR. VINOD RAMHARAI

DIRECTOR – General Manager of Cane Planters and Millers Arbitration and Control Board

Born in 1951, Mr V. Ramharai holds a BSc (Hons) Sugar Technology (University of Mauritius) and a MSc (Hons) Public Sector Management (University of Technology - Mauritius). He was appointed as Director of the Board since 15 May 2008.

MR. JUGDUTH SEEGOBIN

DIRECTOR – Representative of Planters

Born in 1929, Mr. J. Seegobin was appointed Director of the Board in April 2002. He has a wide experience in the agricultural, industrial and commercial sector. He was previously Chairman of the Sugar Industry Labour Welfare Fund and a director of the Central Electricity Board and Mon Tresor Milling Co Ltd. He also owned and managed a stone crushing and block-making plant, La Concasseuse de Plaine Magnien.



Senior Management Profile

DINESS **PURRYAG**, General Manager

Mr D Purryag, Land Surveyor joined the SIFB as Chief Manager Operations in 1997, was Officer-in-Charge from May 1999 to May 2000 and was appointed General Manager of the Fund in June 2000. He is also a Director of SICOM Ltd since 2000 and was a member of the Value Assessment Tribunal from 1987 to 1993.

SIN SOO SHUING CHONG CHAP SIN, Senior Network Engineer

Mr. S.S.S. Chong Chap Sin holder of an MBA and BSc in Electronic Engineer joined the SIFB as Senior Network Engineer in November 1997.

► DEORAJNUTH GANSAM, Manager (Survey)

Mr D. Gansam, Land Surveyor joined the SIFB in March 1974 and is presently Manager (Survey).

GAOUTAM GOOROOCHURN, Chief Manager (Finance)

Mr. G. Gooroochurn, FCCA, holder of an MBA, joined the SIFB as Manager Finance in September 2006. He was assigned responsibilities of Chief Manager Finance on 10 September 2007 and subsequently been appointed Chief Manager as from 5 June 2008.

LI YAN LIM LOCK SON, Chief Manager (Information System Services) (up to 4 August 2010)

Mr. L. Y. L. Lock Son holds a BSc. He joined the SIFB in July 1997 as Chief Manager (Information System Services).

► YOUVERAJ NATHOO, Internal Auditor

Mr Y Nathoo, FCCA, MSC Finance, joined the SIFB in April 2003 as Internal Auditor and has a long experience in Accounting/Auditing in the Banking Sector.

► YUNGKIONG JIMMY **NEWKFONHEYTOW**, Chief Manager (Operations)

Mr J Newkfonheytow holds a BSc in Computer Science and is an Associate Member of the Society of Actuaries. He joined the SIFB in May 1998 as Claims Manager and is presently the Chief Manager (Operations).

MOHAMED AMEEN ISHACK NOORMAHOMED, Manager Finance

Mr. M. A. I. Noormahomed, ACCA, holds a BSc (Hons) in Economics & Accountancy from City University (UK) and is registered as a professional Accountant with the Mauritius Institute of Professional Accountants. He joined the SIFB on 22 October 2009.

► MOHAMED YASHIN MOHAMED AREFF FAREED ESMAEL **PEERMAMODE**, Senior Software Engineer

Mr M Y Peermamode holder of a Diploma in Information Technology joined the SIFB as Senior Software Engineer in October 1997.

► DEEPTEE RAJSHREE **BOODHOO**, Manager Finance

Ms. Purmessur holds a BSc (Hons) in Banking and International Finance from the University of Technology of Mauritius and a Masters degree in Finance and Investments from Nottingham University (Malaysia). She joined the SIFB on 26 October 2009.

LAKSHIKA DEVI RAMKISSOON, Administrative Secretary

Ms. Ramkissoon holds a BA (Hons) Law and Management from the University of Mauritius and is an Associate Member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. She joined the SIFB on 3 November 2009.

► JAYENDRA **SOOKDEB**, Claims Manager

Mr. Sookdeb holds a BSc Statistics from the University of Cape Town and a Diploma in Actuarial Techniques from the Institute of Actuaries, UK. He is currently an Affiliate member of the Institute of Actuaries, UK, and joined the SIFB on 14 April 2009.

► KRISHNAMOORTHY PILLAY VAYAPOOREE, Manager (Inspections)

Mr. K.P. Vayapooree, holder of a Diploma in Land Surveying, joined the SIFB in February 1971 and is, since March 2002, Manager (Inspection).

Code of Conduct

The Fund is committed to ethical practices in the conduct of its business and has adopted a code of ethics which set out standards for its employees.

Board and Committee Meetings

The Board and its various committees met on 32 occasions

Board Directors	Board Meeting	CCC Committee	Corporate Governance Committee	Investment Committee	Assessment Committee	Audit Committee	Budget & Procurement Committee	Staff Committee	Total
Prof. J. Manrakhan	11/11	3/3	2/2	3/3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	19
Mr. G. Leung Shing	11/11	3/3	2/2	3/3	n/a	1/3	3/3	n/a	23
Mr. J. C. Bega	8/11	2/3	1/2	3/3	n/a	3/3	n/a	n/a	17
Mr. K. Bunjun	7/11	1/3	0/2	3/3	n/a	n/a	n/a	3/3	14
Mr. D. Pilot	4/11	n/a	n/a	n/a	1/4	n/a	n/a	n/a	5
Mr. D. Bundhoo	10/11	2/3	1/2	n/a	n/a	2/3	3/3	n/a	18
Mr. J. Bundhoo	9/11	n/a	n/a	n/a	3/4	n/a	n/a	n/a	12
Mr. C. Bhugun	7/11	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3/3	10
Mr. J. Seegobin	8/11	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3/3	2/3	3/3	16
Mr V. Ramharai	8/11	3/3	2/2	n/a	4/4	n/a	1/3	n/a	18
Mr. S. Purmanund	11/11	n/a	n/a	n/a	4/4	n/a	3/3	3/3	21

Key: *n/a – not applicable*

Remuneration of Directors

During the year 2010, a total amount of MUR 667,000 has been paid as Directors' fee.

Related Party Transactions & Key Risks

Related party transactions and key risks areas have been fully disclosed in the financial statements at notes 24 and 25 respectively.

ADDRESS OF OFFICES

	Head Office 18 Sir S. Ramgoolam Street Port Louis Tel: 208-3236 Fax: 208-2634 E-Mail: <u>s.i.f.b@intnet.mu</u> Web : <u>www.sifb.biz</u>	
Sub-Offices	Address	Factory Areas
Camp de Masque	Royal Road Camp de Masque Tel: 416-5520	Beau Champ Ex-Constance
Mare D'Albert	18 Royal Road Mare D'Albert Tel: 627-4026	Savannah Ex-Mon Tresor Ex-Riche En Eau Ex-Rose Belle
Pamplemousses	Royal Road Maison Blanche Pamplemousses Tel: 243-3542	Belle Vue Mon Loisir Ex-Beau Plan
Quartier Militaire	New Road Quartier Militaire Tel: 435-5543	F.U.E.L Ex-Mon Desert Alma
Souillac	Royal Road Souillac Tel: 625-5691	Union St Aubin Ex-Britannia Ex-St Felix Ex-Bel Ombre
Vacoas	Independence Road Vacoas Tel: 696-6386	Medine Ex-Highlands

CROP 2010 OVERVIEW

1.0 GENERAL INSURANCE

1.1 Special Discount on General Premium

In light of the short term pressures on the sugar industry and the strength of the Fund, the Board has, in consultation with its Actuary and the subsequent approval of the Honourable Minister of Finance and Economic Development, exceptionally granted a one-off 70% discount on general insurance premium payable by all insureds for Crop 2010. The Consulting Actuary however, stressed that the discounted rate is inconsistent in the longer term with the insurance benefits offered and hence future premiums would have to rise or the structure of benefits be changed. This exceptional measure amounting to some MUR 354M benefitted some 20,311 insureds.

Against the backdrop of the Euro zone crisis and in line with Government Economic Restructuring and Competitiveness Programme to provide financial breathing space to sugar producers, the SIFB loaned to the MSS the provisional premium payable for Crop 2010 at a concessionary rate of 3.0% per annum up to end March 2011. This enabled a higher level of crop advances to be paid to sugar producers.

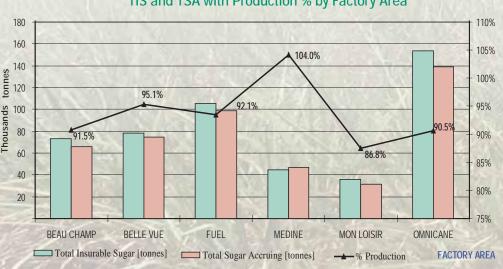
1.2 Crop 2010 Climatic Conditions

Weather reports indicated that climatic conditions throughout the crop were favourable for cane growth and development over all sugar cane growing sectors of the island. There being no adverse climatic conditions, no declaration of event year for crop 2010 was warranted as provided for under section 25 (1) of the Sugar Insurance Fund Act No. 4 of 1974, as subsequently amended.

1.3 Sugar Production

As from Crop 2010, sugar produced is exported as refined and special sugars only. The harvest lasted 27 weeks with milling activities ending on 11th December 2010. Total caneweight sent to mills for sugar production reached 4.366 million tonnes resulting in a sugar production of 457,131 tonnes at an islandwide average extraction rate of 10.37% against a Total Insurable Sugar of 493,306 tonnes, i.e. a sugar production percentage of 93%.

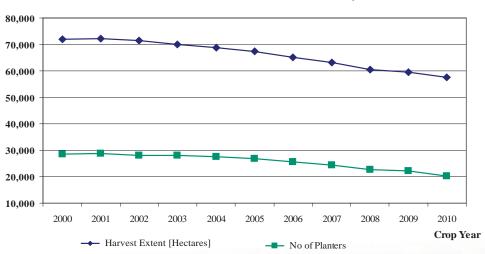
Variation in sugar production with respect to Total Insurable Sugar for all factory areas is shown below:



TIS and TSA with Production % by Factory Area

Médine factory area had the highest sugar production as a percentage of its Total Insurable Sugar (TIS), i.e. 104 per cent whilst the factory area of Mon Loisir had the lowest sugar production percentage of 87 per cent.

The sugar industry has over the decade experienced a decline in terms of harvest extent and number of planters. The gradual fall observed in the size of the planter community, out of which a high proportion being small planters, indicates principally a lesser attractive economic activity at lower scale. The harvestable extent declined from 59,108 hectares (Crop 2009) to 57,670 hectares (Crop 2010) leading to a fall in the number of accounts held by planters from 21,498 to 20,311. The evolution of harvest extent and number of growers over the last decade is shown below:



Harvest Extent and No. of Planters over Crop Years

The increasing trend of abandonment of cane plantation being a matter of great concern to the sugar industry, Management has, with the blessing of the Board, carried out an island-wide field survey exercise to identify the changes in use of cane lands for plots known to have been under cane cultivation for Crop 2001 and not reported to be under cane for Crop 2010. The SIFB is in course of interviewing the planters concerned to identify the reasons of abandonment of cane plantation other than change in land use.

1.4 Sugar Price For Insurance

The sugar price for Crop 2010 was in December 2010, determined at the rate of MUR 13,409 for planters per metric tonne of sugar, inclusive of the added value of molasses. The sugar price payable for insurance purposes for milling side was fixed at MUR 12,700 per metric tonne of sugar.

2.0 FIRE INSURANCE

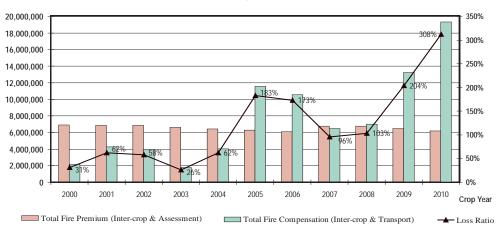
2.1 Inter-crop Fire 2010

For Crop 2010, the total number of compensable damages caused by intercrop fire was 289 with a total extent of 318 hectares of land under cane destroyed island-wide. The number of fire cases was more prominent in the north sector of the island, followed by the South and West & Centre. The highest extent damaged was noted in the South sector of the island. The compensation paid to insureds for loss consequent upon destruction of cane plantations by inter-crop fire amounted to MUR 17.4M.

2.2 Fire during Harvest Season 2010

The number of accidental/criminal fire occurrences during harvest season was more prominent in the North sector of the island. A total amount of MUR 1.94 M has been disbursed to 167 planters as transport allowance for milling of burnt canes outside the factory area.

Fire premium collected and total fire compensation paid over the past eleven crop years is shown hereunder:



Fire Premium and Compensation with loss ratios

3.0 ACTUARIAL STUDY

In line with section 48 of the Sugar Insurance Fund Act, the Board has with the approval of the Honourable Minister of Finance and Economic Development, commissioned an actuarial study. On 11th October 2010, BWCI Limited was appointed as Consulting Actuary to review the position of the Fund and its insurance terms. The report of the Consulting Actuary is due in 9 months time. Given the ongoing changes in the sugar industry, unlike previous actuarial reviews which were strictly in conformity with the provisions of the Act, the Board enlarged the scope of the study with a view to ensure that the insurance terms and structure remain in phase with the new realities of the sugar industry.

4.0 SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE SIFB

On and above its statutory obligations, the SIFB reports on land status to different Ministries for purposes such as land conversion, parcelling of land, etc. The SIFB also assists planters in the obtention of duty free facilities on cabin vehicles. Moreover, the SIFB is frequently solicited by Governmental departments and insureds themselves for data on their holdings.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The year under report showed a lower net surplus of MUR 155.32M (General and Fire) compared to a net surplus of MUR 448.74M for the year ended 31 December 2009, though crop year 2010 has been a non-event year for general insurance. The lower net surplus is mainly attributable to a lower gross premium income and the 70% discount on general insurance premium given to Insureds. The Fire Insurance Account has shown a higher deficit due to the increasing number of fire occurrences during both the inter-crop and harvest season.

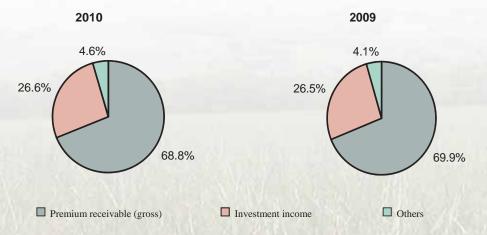
Item	General Fund MUR Million	Fire Fund MUR Million	Total MUR Million
Total Income	736.87	7.02	743.89
Total Expenditure (inclusive of discount)	(569.23)	(19.34)	(588.57)
Total Net surplus/(deficit)	167.64	(12.32)	155.32

Table 1: Income and Expenditure summary

1.0 INCOME

Total income for the financial year amounted to MUR 743.89M, being mainly crop 2010 insurance premium receivable and investment income.

The composition of income is shown below:



1.1 Insurance Premium

Gross Insurance premium (General and Fire) for crop year 2010 receivable during the period amounted to MUR 512.20M compared to a figure of MUR 651.13M for the previous crop year. The decrease is attributable mainly to a drop in Total Insurable Sugar and a lower Sugar Price. The net premium receivable after the 70% discount amounts to MUR 158M

Table 2: Premium Income

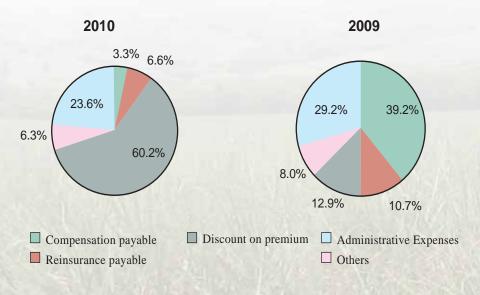
Premium (Gross)	Total MUR Million
General	506.03
Fire	6.17
Total	512.20

1.2 Investment Income

Investment income (Interest and dividend) amounted to MUR 197.14M for the year 2010. During this period, a translation loss of MUR 36.94M on foreign currency deposits was registered. Despite the Repo Rate falling by 17.39% and the bank rate dropping by almost 27%, average yield on the MUR denominated deposits fell by only 6.6% from an average yield of 8.3% in 2009 to an average yield of 7.75% in 2010. The Fund's strategy to invest on the local stock market, geared towards growth stocks at a time when market prices were relatively low, resulted in capital gains of 21.82% coupled with an average dividend yield of 3.32% (cumulative yield of 25.14%).

2.0 EXPENDITURE

The overall expenditure of the Fund for the year was MUR 588.57M inclusive of an amount of MUR 354.20M being discount on general insurance premium for crop 2010 and MUR 19.16M as compensation (fire). In comparison, the total expenditure for the year 2009 was MUR 501.65M, during which, a discount of MUR 64.46M was granted to Insureds on general Insurance premium and MUR 196.58M paid as compensation (fire and general).



3.0 INSURANCE PREMIUM CEDED (RE-INSURANCE COSTS)

Insurance premium ceded to re-insurers including the Board's co-reinsurance share of 50% amounted to MUR 39.07M (2009: MUR 53.81M).

4.0 ACCUMULATED FUND

The Accumulated Fund, comprising of the General Fund and the Fire Fund, increased from MUR 3,961.50M to MUR 4,116.82M during the year, representing an increase of 3.9%.

Table 3: Accumulated Fund

Fund	Total MUR Million
General	4,111.97
Fire	4.85
Total	4,116.82

5.0 ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

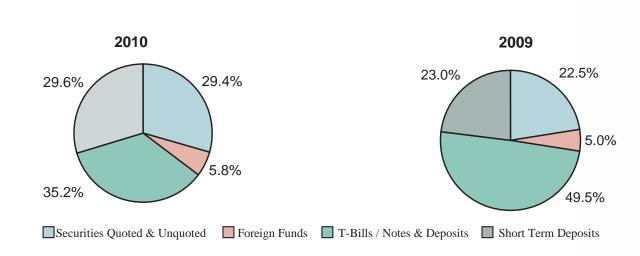
Total assets under management amounted to MUR 5.47 billion as at 31 December 2010 (MUR 5.25 billion at 31 December 2009), posting a positive change of 4.2%. Financial Assets are stated on a fair value basis.

A breakdown of total assets under management is shown below:



6.0 INVESTMENTS

Given the short term liability of the Fund arising out of unpredictable adverse climatic conditions, a high proportion of funds have to be kept in liquid terms (based on Probable Maximum Loss). Nonetheless, due to the growing strength of the Fund, some investments in longer terms have been possible. The combined investment strategy within a well balanced portfolio led to a growth of 11.5% from MUR 4.42 billion to MUR 4.93 billion.



A breakdown of investments is shown below:

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF AUDIT OF THE REPUBLIC OF MAURITIUS

APPENDIX A

On the Financial Statements of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board for the Year Ended 31 December 2010

NATIONAL AUDIT OFFICE

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF AUDIT to the board of the sugar insurance fund board

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board which comprise the statement of financial position as of 31 December 2010, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation keeping of these financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and in compliance with the Statutory Bodies (Accounts and Audit) Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board as of 31 December 2010, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Statutory Bodies (Accounts and Audit) Act

In my opinion, the Sugar Insurance Fund Board has complied with the Statutory Bodies (Accounts and Audit) Act, in so far as they relate to the accounts.

The Financial Reporting Act

The Board is responsible for preparing the Corporate Governance Report and making the disclosures required by Section 8.4 of the Code of Corporate Governance of Mauritius ("Code"). My responsibility is to report on these disclosures.

In my opinion, the disclosures in the Corporate Governance Report are consistent with the requirements of the "Code".



(Dr R. Jugurnath) Director of Audit

National Audit Office Level 14, Air Mauritius Centre **PORT LOUIS**

1 September 2011





Financial Statements 2010

On the Financial Statements of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board for the Year Ended 31 December 2010

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION

at 31 December 2010

NON-CURRENT ASSETS	
Property, plant and equipment5121,365,639121,123,8Investments in securities and deposits61,751,840,0821,710,734,5	
Investments in securities and deposits01,71,040,0021,710,754,Investment Property759,250,00055,000,Long term loans825,808,62534,152,3	000
1,958,264,346 1,921,010,7	/81
CURRENT ASSETS	
Accounts receivable 9 16,599,882 14,520,9 Investments in securities and deposits 6 1,720,404,492 1,695,550,6	535
Investment Property held for sale 10 - 3,925,0 Short term loans 11 309,590,942 597,468,4 Short term deposits 12 1,459,183,530 1,017,972,5	174
Bank and cash balances 5,162,043 6,057,7	741 E THE REPUB
3,510,940,889 3,335,495,3	329
TOTAL ASSETS 5,469,205,235 5,256,506,	111
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	
RESERVES	
Accumulated funds4,116,816,4533,961,497,7Revaluation reserves1,153,585,500918,613,7	
TOTAL EQUITY 5,270,401,953 4,880,111,4	170
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	the Financial
Provision for staff passage benefits137,625,3457,773,8Long term employees benefits1452,237,46550,800,5	346 sugar Insu 570
Retirement benefit obligations15107,850,472105,134,2	252e rear Ende
CURRENT LIABILITIES 167,713,282 163,708,0	68
Accounts payable 16 31,090,000 212,685,9	973
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 5,469,205,235 5,256,506,	111

Approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 28 February 2011 and subsequently amended on 18 August 2011.

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Chairperson

Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR
GENERAL INSURANCE ACCOUNT			
Revenue			
Insurance premium Co-reinsurance premium Recoveries from Reinsurer – Crop 1999 Investment income Profit on sale of Available-for-sale Securities Sundry Income	18 19	506,027,395 20,240,000 - 197,144,529 13,081,204 378,666	644,580,000 27,394,660 6,119,201 249,417,919 14,608,895 355,984
Expenses		736,871,794	942,476,659
Insurance compensation Discount on premium to Insureds Insurance premium ceded to re-insurers Administrative Other Losses	20 18 21 22	354,200,000 39,077,537 139,010,333 36,944,188	183,005,764 64,458,000 53,810,602 146,496,004 40,115,205
		569,232,058	487,885,575
Surplus to General Fund for the year		167,639,736	454,591,084
FIRE INSURANCE ACCOUNT			
Revenue			
Insurance premium Investment Income	19	6,167,000 855,000	6,551,000 1,368,020
		7,022,000	7,919,020
Expenses Insurance compensation Management fee to General Fund		19,158,000 185,000	13,576,798 196,530
		19,343,000	13,773,328
(Deficit)/ Surplus to Fire Fund for the year 31 Dec		(12,321,000)	(5,854,308)
Total surplus for the year		155,318,736	448,736,776
Other Comprehensive Income			
Net Value gain on available-for-sale Financial Assets:			
- Quoted Securities		150,199,495	126,648,900
- Unquoted Securities		72,506,954	61,247,123
- Foreign Funds / Equitie	S	24,760,138	27,745,569
Surplus on revaluation of Property		325,000	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year		247,791,587	215,641,591
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		403,110,323	664,378,367

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 31 December 2010

			Revaluatio	Revaluation Reserves	
	General Fund MUR	Fire Fund MUR	Property MUR	Investments MUR	Total MUR
At 31 December 2008	3,489,738,219	23,022,723	90,506,583	617,264,464	4,220,531,989
Fair value gain on available-for-sale investments Revaluation reserves realised on disposal Net surplus/(deficit) for the year	- - 454,591,084	(5,854,308)	1 1 1	215,641,591 (4,798,884) _	215,641,591 (4,798,884) 448,736,776
At 31 December 2009	3,944,329,303	17,168,415	90,506,583	828,107,171	4,880,111,472
Revaluation reserves realised on disposal Fair value gain on available-for-sale investments Gain on revaluation of property Net surplus/ (deficit) for the year	- - 167,639,735	- - (12,321,000)	325,000 	(12,819,841) 247,466,587 -	(12,819,841) 247,466,587 325,000 155,318,735
At 31 December 2010	4,111,969,038	4,847,415	90,831,583	1,062,753,917	5,270,401,953

REPORT OF THE DIRECTO OF THE REPUB

On the Financial S of the Sugar Insur for the Year Ended

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 December 2010

	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net surplus for the year	155,318,735	448,736,775
Adjustments for: Provision for passage benefits Payment of passage benefits Depreciation of non current assets Investment income loss on sale of Plant & Equipment Gain on disposal of Available-for-sale securities	3,281,433 (2,829,933) 5,799,015 (53,745,421) 6,990 (13,081,204)	3,258,906 (1,546,485) 5,743,679 (87,568,674) 18,880 (14,608,895)
Retirement benefits(released)/charged Provision for Employees benefits Employees benefits paid	2,716,220 5,154,077 (3,322,818)	13,458,483 6,564,342 (2,665,157)
OPERATING SURPLUS BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	99,297,094	371,391,855
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables Decrease in trade and other payables	(2,064,694) (182,590,335)	360,422 (214,463,829)
NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(85,357,935)	157,288,448
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment to acquire financial assets Proceeds from sale of financial assets Payment for plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment	(1,068,776,686) 1,304,290,706 (6,055,026) 7,250	(1,251,487,403) 981,686,618 (2,673,361) 4,318
NET CASH GENERATED BY /(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	229,466,244	(272,469,828)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Short term loans granted Proceeds from short term loans Net proceeds from long term loans	(309,494,397) 597,371,929 8,329,486	(631,992,048) 753,344,346 10,377,467
NET CASH GENERATED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	296,207,018	131,729,764
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	440,315,327	16,548,383
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,024,030,246	1,007,481,863
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	1,464,345,573	1,024,030,246
REPRESENTED BY:		
Bank and cash balances	5,162,043	6,057,741
Short term deposits	1,459,183,530	1,017,972,505
	1,464,345,573	1,024,030,246

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) for the year ended 31 December 2010

1. **GENERAL**

1.1 Legal form and main objective

The Sugar Insurance Fund Board ("the Fund") is a statutory body established under the Sugar Insurance Fund Act No 4 of 1974 (as subsequently amended) and operates under the aegis of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Development. Its main objective is to operate a Crop Insurance Scheme for sugar producers.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

Standards and Interpretations in issue but not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

Amendments to IFRS 1	- Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 disclosures - effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 st July 2010
Amendments to IFRS 7	- Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets - effective for annual periods EREPUE beginning on or after 1 st July 2011
<i>IFRS</i> 9 (as amended in 2010)	- Financial Instruments - effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 st January 2013
IAS 24 (revised in 2009)	- Related Party Disclosures - <i>effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January 2011</i>
Amendments to IAS 32	- Classification of Rights Issues - <i>effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st February 2010</i>
Amendments to IFRIC 14	- Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement - <i>effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January 2011</i>
IFRIC 19	- Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments - <i>effective for</i> annual periods beginning on or after 1 st July 2010

Improvements to IFRS issued in May 2010

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no lear Ende material financial impact on the financial statements of the Fund.

3. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The principal accounting policies of the Fund are:

3.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and modified by the revaluation of certain property, plant and equipment and investments and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) for the year ended 31 December 2010

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3.2 Revenue recognition

General Insurance Premium Income Account

Insurance premium income contributed to General Insurance Account is determined by reference to the total value of insurable sugar and premium percentage set out in the Second Schedule of the Sugar Insurance Fund Act No 4 of 1974 (as subsequently amended) in respect of the crop year for which the premium is payable.

Fire Insurance Premium Income Account

Insurance premium income contributed to Fire Insurance Account is determined on the basis of MUR 12.50 per ton of insurable sugar under the Fifth Schedule of the Sugar Insurance Fund Act No 4 of 1974 (as subsequently amended).

Other revenues

DIRECTOR OF AUDIT

These are recognised on the following bases:

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis.

The Fund recognises its share of co-reinsurance premium as revenue and its related expenditure.

A management fee of 3% of Fire Premium is charged to the Fire Insurance Account.

A proportion of interest and dividend is apportioned to the Fire Fund.

3.3 Insurance contracts

(a) Recognition and measurement

Insurance covers provided by the Fund protect the insureds from the negative impact of events such as cyclones, droughts and excessive rainfall on sugar production consequently.

the Year Ended 31 December 2010

Compensation paid to insureds on occurrence of any event or a combination of events linked to the extent of loss suffered . Premiums are recognised as revenue on the period of cover.

Claims are charged to income based on the estimated liability for compensation payable to insured. They include claims arising out of events that have occurred up to the balance sheet though not reported to the Fund by the insureds. Estimated claims are based on internal data and provisional figures obtainable from different stakeholders.

(b) Liability adequacy test

At each end of reporting period, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of the insurance liabilities. In performing these tests current best estimates of future contractual cash flows and claims are used. Any deficiency is immediately charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) for the year ended 31 December 2010

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3.3 Insurance contracts (cont'd)

(c) Insurance contracts held

Contracts entered into with re-insurers under which the Fund is compensated for losses on the insurance contracts issued by the Fund and that meet the classification requirement of insurance contracts are classified as reinsurance contracts held. The benefit to which the Fund is entitled under reinsurance contracts are recognised as reinsurance assets. These assets consist of amounts due from re-insurers (classified as receivables).

Amounts recoverable from or due to re-insurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsurance contracts. Reinsurance liabilities are primarily payable for reinsurance contracts and are recognised as expense when due.

3.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment held for administrative purposes are stated at cost or valuation, net of accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis so as to write off the depreciable value of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The annual rates used for the purpose are as follows:

	%
Buildings	Higher of 2.5% or based on remaining useful economic life
Improvement to land and buildings	10
Furniture & other equipment	10
Motor vehicles	20
Computer equipment and software	20

The Depreciation charged on buildings is based on the remaining useful economic life, determined through a thorough examination carried out in December 2009 by S. Jadav and Partners – Structural Engineer.

Profit or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is determined by the difference between the carrying values of the assets and their disposal proceeds and is accounted for in the statement of comprehensive income.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is credited in equity of the ear Ender properties revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised in profit and loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in the carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land and buildings is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset.

At each end of reporting date, the Fund reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any, and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd))

3.4 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

3.5 Investment property

Investment property which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is measured initially at its cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. The property being bare land, do not generate any rental income.

3.6 Non-current assets held for sale BLIC OF MAURITIUS

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

3.7 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Mauritian Rupees using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated in Mauritian Rupees using the rate of exchange (buying rate) ruling at the end of reporting period.

the Financial Statements

All exchange differences on translation are dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income.

3.8 Insurance compensation T Ended 31 December 2010

Insurance compensation is recorded as an expense when the claims are assessed following the end of the crop season.

3.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits.

3.10 Provisions

A provision is recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each end of reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3.11 Retirement benefit obligations

Defined Benefit Plan

Provision for retirement benefits for the SIFB staff are made under the Statutory Bodies Pension Act 1978 as amended and in accordance with IAS 19 (Employee Benefits). The Fund provides retirement benefits for its employees through a defined benefit plan called "The Sugar Insurance Fund Board (SIFB) Staff Pension Fund".

The SIFB Staff Pension Fund is a defined benefit plan and its assets are managed by the State Insurance Company of Mauritius Ltd (SICOM). The cost of providing the benefit is determined in accordance with actuarial review undertaken every five years.

The net liability at end of reporting period is determined as the present value of funded obligations after adjusting for the fair value of plan assets, any unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and any unrecognised past service cost.

The current service cost and any recognised past service cost are included as an expense together with the **EREPUE** associated interest cost, net of expected return on plan assets.

A portion of the actuarial gains and losses will be recognised as income or expense if the net cumulative unrecognised actuarial gains or losses at the end of the previous accounting period exceeded the greater of:

- 10 % of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at that date; and
- 10% of the fair value of plan assets at that date.

State Plan

Contributions to the National Pension Scheme are expensed to the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they fall due.

3.12 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when the Fund has become party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

a) Financial Assets

Classification

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' (FVTPL), 'held-to-maturity' investments, 'available-for-sale' (AFS) financial assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3.12 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(i) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL where the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Fund manages together and has a • recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument. •

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that • would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates, that the Fund has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity, are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment, with revenue recognised on an effective yield basis.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

(iii) Available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets

Securities that are traded in an active market are classified as being AFS and are stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity in the investments revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the investments revaluation reserve is included in profit or loss for the period.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3.12 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(iii) Available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets (cont'd)

The fair value of AFS monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of reporting period. The change in fair value attributable to translation differences that result from a change in amortised cost of the asset is recognised in profit or loss, and other changes are recognised in equity.

(iv) Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans, and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each end of reporting period.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted.

For unlisted shares classified as AFS, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost.

For all other financial assets evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or •
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation. •

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3.12 Financial instruments (cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (cont'd)

With the exception of AFS equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of AFS equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised through profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised directly in equity.

Derecognition of financial assets

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The Fund derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire; or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

(b) Financial liabilities

Classification

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at FVTPL' or 'other financial liabilities'.

(i) Financial liabilities at FVTPL

The Fund due to its nature of activities does not hold any financial liabilities designated "at FVTPL".

(ii) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized.

4. ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Fund's management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. It also requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Judgements and estimates are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations and assumptions concerning future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The actual results could, by definition therefore, often differ from the related accounting estimates.

Where applicable, the notes to the financial statements set out areas where management has applied a higher degree of judgement that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements, or estimations and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

	5. PROPERI	Y, PLANT AND F	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (contra)	d)			
	Freehold/ Leasehold Land MUR	Buildings MUR	Improvement to Land and Buildings MUR	Furniture & Other Equipment MUR	Motor Vehicles MUR	Computer Equipment & Software MUR	Total MUR
COST AND VALUATION							
At 31 December 2008	52,275,000	66,325,000	1,581,324	12,017,924	3,037,359	7,306,722	142,543,329
Additions	I	I	1,512,047	535,466	I	625,848	2,673,361
Disposals	I	I	ı	(39,055)	I	I	(39,055)
At 31 December 2009	52,275,000	66,325,000	3,093,370	12,514,336	3,037,359	7,932,571	145,177,636
Additions	I	I	2,091,941	753,575	I	3,209,510	6,055,026
Disposals	I	I	ı	(17, 800)	I	I	(17, 800)
At 31 December 2010	52,275,000	66,325,000	5,185,311	13,250,111	3,037,359	11,142,081	151,214,862
DEPRECIATION							
At 31 December 2008		1,934,479	701,024	9,324,242	1,038,680	5,327,521	18,325,946
Charge for the year	ı	2,572,708	309,337	890,565	607,472	1,363,596	5,743,679
Disposals	ı	I	-	(15,857)	I	ı	(15,857)
At 31 December 2009	ı	4,507,187	1,010,362	10,198,950	1,646,151	6,691,117	24,053,767
Charge for the year	1	2,572,708	518,531	824,876	607,472	1,275,428	5,799,015
Disposals	I	I	ı	(3,560)	I		(3,560)
At 31 December 2010		7,079,896	1,528,893	11,020,265	2,253,623	7,966,544	29,849,222
NET BOOK VALUE							
At 31 December 2010	52,275,000	59,245,104	3,656,418	2,229,846	783,736	3,175,537	121,365,640
At 31 December 2009	52,275,000	61,817,813	2,083,008	2,315,386	1,391,208	1,241,454	121,123,869
Freehold land and huildings were revalued in October 2007 hy Alan Tinkler Ramlackhan & Co (Principal – Rhoy Ramlackhan B Sc (Hons)	vere revalued in O	ctoher 2007 hv Al	an Tinkler Ramlacl	chan & Co (Princi	inal – Rhov Raml	ackhan R Sc (Ho	ne)

Freehold land and buildings were revalued in October 2007 by Alan Tinkler, Ramlackhan & Co. (Principal – Rhoy Ramlackhan, B.Sc (Hons)., M.R.I.C.S, M.M.I.S. Chartered Valuation Surveyor), at MUR 52.275 million and MUR 66.325 million respectively.

e Financial Sta Sugar Insuran e Year Ended 3

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Had freehold land and buildings and motor vehicles been valued at historic amount, the carrying value would have been as follows:

At 31 December 2010	Cost MUR	Accumulated depreciation MUR	Net book value MUR
Freehold land	4,022,745	-	4,022,745
Buildings	39,802,301	(18,586,627)	21,215,674
Motor vehicles	3,617,359	(2,908,624)	708,735
	47,442,405	(21,495,251)	25,947,154
At 31 December 2009 DIRECTOR			
Freehold land	4,022,745	-	4,022,745
Buildings	39,802,301	(17,591,569)	22,210,732
Motor vehicles	3,617,359	(2,351,152)	1,266,207
	47,442,405	(19,942,721)	27,499,684

	Availa	Available-For-Sale Financial Assets	Assets		
	Local Quoted MUR	Local Unquoted MUR	Foreign Equities/ Funds MUR	Held–To- Maturity Securities and Deposits MUR	Total MUR
AT FAIR VALUE At 1 January 2010:	456,743,540	537,405,129	219,765,552	2,192,371,002	3,406,285,223
Additions Disposals/Matured/Redeemed	245,639,186 (14,041,619)	1 1	46,969,400 (3,401,100)	776,168,100 (1,286,586,624)	1,068,776,686 (1,304,029,343)
Interest capitalised/ receivable Dividend in species	- 390,555 150,100,405		921 024 V	53,354,866	53,354,866 390,555 247 466 587
At 31 December 2010	838,931,158	609,912,083	288,093,990	1,735,307,344	3,472,244,574
Classified as:					
- Short term - Long term	- 838,931,158	_ 609,912,083	14,914,547 273,179,443	1,705,489,945 29,817,399	1,720,404,492 1,751,840,082
	838,931,158	609,912,083	288,093,990	1,735,307,344	3,472,244,574
AT COST					
At 31 December 2010	429,888,410	16,151,155	221,583,845	1,735,307,344	2,402,930,754
At 31 December 2009	185,872,102	16,151,155	177,614,445	2,192,371,002	2,572,008,704

INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES AND DEPOSITS

6.

6. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES AND DEPOSITS (Cont'd)

(a) Available-For-Sale Securities and Deposits

Local Quoted

Local quoted investments include investments in companies listed on the Official Market and the Development and Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange of Mauritius (SEM). Such investments are stated at fair values based on SEM prices at close of business on the end of reporting period.

Local Unquoted

7

Local unquoted investments comprise mainly of shares held in SICOM, Sugar Investment Trust (SIT) and The MFL Fund. Investments in SICOM and SIT have been fair valued at MUR607.55 Million at 31 December 2010, based on the last available equity value (30 June 2010) of the company/trust. Investments in The MFL Fund, which is an open-ended Fund, are stated at market value at MUR 1.29 Million at 31 December 2010.

Foreign Equities /Funds EPORT OF THE

Investments in foreign equities/ funds, including shares held in African Reinsurance Corporation (Africa Re), Investec GSF, Comgest Asia, Comgest Growth, Global Sarasin C1 Equity Funds, UK Equity Fund "A" Inc., UBS LUX Equity Fund, GAM, Shrodder investments in fixed income securities, mutual funds (SICAV), L & C Global Growth Fund, UBS LUX, MAN AHL are stated at market value based on the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

(b) Held-To-Maturity Securities and Deposits

Held-To-Maturity Securities and Deposits, which are stated at amortised cost, bear interests at rates ranging from 3.49% to 8.10 % per annum to mature between January 2011 and January 2012 and comprise of :

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
Treasury Bills	49,119,675	161,784,186
Treasury Notes	240,405,830	240,405,830
Deposits of the Sugar Insurance Fi		1,790,180,986
for the Year Ended 31 De	1,735,307,344	2,192,371,002
INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
At start of year	55,000,000	55,000,000

At start of year Transfer from Assets held for sale (Note 10) Surplus on revaluation

At end of year

31	MUR	MUR
	55,000,000 3,925,000 325,000	55,000,000 - -
	59,250,000	55,000,000

Investment property relates to bare land at Mere Barthelemy street Port Louis and Bramsthan, which were last revalued in December 2010 by Alan Tinkler, Ramlackhan & Co. (Principal - Rhoy Ramlackhan, B.Sc (Hons) M.R.I.C.S, M.M.I.S. Chartered Valuation Surveyor).

8. LONG TERM LOANS

Loan to Mauritius Housing Company Ltd	(i)
Motor Vehicles Loans	(ii)
Personal Loans	(iii)
Other Loans	(iv)

31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
16,000,000	24,000,000
4,520,226	3,548,165
82,580	90,144
5,205,819	6,514,017
25,808,625	34,152,326

(i) Loan to Mauritius Housing Company Ltd

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR	
Total amount due Deduct: Amount falling due within one year (Note 9)	24,000,000 (8,000,000)	32,000,000 (8,000,000)	
Amount falling due after more than one year	16,000,000	24,000,000	

The loan is guaranteed by the Government of Mauritius. The original amount loaned is refundable in 15 yearly instalments, with effect from December 1997, with interest being payable quarterly at the prevailing Repo Rate plus four decimal fifty percent capped however, to a minimum of 8.5% per annum (9.25% p.a as at 31 December 2010).

(ii) Motor Vehicles Loans (staff)

Total amount Deduct: Amount falling due within one year (Note 9)

Amount falling due after more than one year

Motor vehicle loans to staff bear interest at 7.5% per annum.

(iii) Personal Loans (staff)

Total amount due Deduct: Amount falling due within one year (Note 9)

Amount falling due after more than one year

31 December 2010	31 December 2009
MUR	MUR
6,193,859	5,100,984
(1,673,663)	(1,552,819)
4,520,226	3,548,165

31 December 2010	31 December 2009
MUR	MUR
261,126	381,411
(178,546)	(291,267)
82,580	90,144

Personal loans to staff bear interest at Prime Lending Rate (Commercial Bank) plus 2.5% per annum.

8. LONG TERM LOANS (Cont'd)

(iv) Other Loans (staff)

Total amount due Deduct: Amount falling due within one year (Note 9)

31 December 2010	31 December 2009
MUR	MUR
6,450,894	7,753,001
(1,245,075)	(1,238,984)
5,205,819	6,514,017

Loans to staff bear interest at rates ranging from 9.0% to 13.0 % per annum as per the staff's conditions of service, as well as the amount of the loan.

9. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE/ PREPAYMENTS

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
Loan - Mauritius Housing Company Ltd (Note 8(i))	8,000,000	8,000,000
Other loans (Note 8(iv))	1,245,075	1,238,984
Motor vehicles loans (Note 8(ii))	1,673,663	1,552,819
Personal loans (Note 8(iii))	178,546	291,267
Interest receivable	2,345,593	1,394,241
Debtors insurance premium receivable	43,239	1,523,384
Dividends receivable	515,708	234,273
Other receivables/Prepayments	2,598,058	286,006
	16,599,882	14,520,974

10. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (INVESTMENT PROPERTY)

of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
At start of year Transfer to Investment Property (Note 7)	3,925,000 (3,925,000)	3,925,000
At end of year	-	3,925,000

The land relates to 2,490.3 square metres at Bramsthan which the Fund now intends to dispose-of through a parcelling project, which might not be materialised by 31 December 2011.

SHORT TERM LOANS 11.

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
Loans to planters (Note (i)) Loans to Mauritius Sugar Syndicate - (MSS) (Note (ii))	309,590,942	1,750 597,466,724
	309,590,942	597,468,474

- (i) These represent loans granted to planters to purchase shares of the Sugar Investment Trust.
- Loans to MSS relate to: (ii)
 - (a) Rs157.96 Million (Crop 2010 premium receivable) advanced to MSS for a period of 3 months at a concessionary fixed interest rate of 3.0% p.a (support under ERCP)
 - (b) Rs150 Million advanced to MSS for a period of 3 months at a fixed interest rate of 5.0% p.a.

SHORT TERM DEPOSITS 12.

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
Foreign Currency deposits with banks:		
USD	591,153,774	448,368,922
EURO	779,709,326	538,122,099
GBP	25,920,122	26,265,430
Deposits on call at banks	62,400,308	5,216,054
	1,459,183,530	1,017,972,505

PROVISION FOR STAFF PASSAGE BENEFITS 13.

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
At 1 January	9,773,846	8,061,425
Payment during the year	(2,829,933)	(1,546,485)
Provision for the year	3,281,433	3,258,906
	10,225,345	9,773,846
Less: Amount due within one year (Note 16)	(2,600,000)	(2,000,000)
At 31 December	7,625,345	7,773,846

14. LONG TERM EMPLOYEES BENEFITS

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
At 1 January Charge for the year	58,443,587 5,154,077	54,544,402 6,564,342
Less: Payment during the year	63,597,664 (3,322,818)	61,108,744 (2,665,157)
Short term employee benefits (Note 16)	60,274,845 (8,037,380)	58,443,587 (7,643,017)
At 31 December	52,237,465	50,800,570

REPORT OF TH

15. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

The pension plan is a final salary defined benefit plan for employees funded by the employer and the employees. The assets of the plan are held independently and are administered by the State Insurance Company of Mauritius Ltd (SICOM).

The following employee benefits information is based on the report submitted by the State Insurance Company of Mauritius Ltd (SICOM).

Any actuarial gain/loss is recognised within the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the Corridor Approach.

(i) Amounts recognised in statement of financial position:

of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board		
	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
Present value of funded obligation Fair value of plan assets	454,942,323 (352,496,541)	443,189,705 (323,092,281)
Unrecognised actuarial (loss)/gain	102,445,782 5,404,690	120,097,424 (14,963,172)
Liability in statement of financial position	107,850,472	105,134,252

15. **RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Cont'd)**

(ii) Amounts recognised in statement of comprehensive income:

	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR
		MOR
urrent service cost	9,402,368	9,194,125
iterest cost	46,534,919	47,691,804
pected return on plan assets	(33,880,775)	(30,362,242)
uarial loss/(gain) recognised	-	2,662,579
bloyee Contribution	(4,768,660)	-
nd Expenses	393,367	320,975
otal included in staff costs	17,681,219	29,507,241
tual return on plan assets	30,240,726	48,223,953

The figures have been arrived at by using the following actuarial assumptions: (iii)

	31 December 2010 %	31 December 2009 %
Discount Rate	10.50	10.50
Expected Rate of Return on plan assets	10.50	11.00
Future salary increases	7.50	7.50
Future Pension increases	5.50	5.50

(iv) Movements in liability recognised in the statement of financial position:

	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR	Sugar Insuran Year Ended 3
At 1 January	105,134,252	91,675,769	
Total staff cost as above	17,681,219	29,507,241	
Contributions paid by employer	(14,958,254)	(16,048,758)	
Actuarial reserves transferred in	(6,745)	-	
At 31 December	107,850,472	105,134,252	

RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Cont'd) 15.

Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligation: (v)

	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR
Present value of obligation at start of period Current service cost	443,189,705 9,402,368	454,207,656 9,194,125
Interest cost Benefits paid	46,534,919 (20,176,758)	47,691,804 (18,031,898)
Liability (gain)/ loss	(24,007,911)	(49,871,982)
Present value of obligation at end of period	454,942,323	443,189,705

Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets:

	URITIUS	
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	323,092,281	277,172,443
Expected return on plan assets	33,880,775	30,362,242
Employer contributions	14,958,254	16,048,758
Employee contributions	4,768,660	-
Actuarial Reserves transferred in	6,745	-
Benefits paid + other outgo	(20,570,125)	(18,352,873)
Asset gain/(loss)	(3,640,049)	17,861,711
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	352,496,541	323,092,281

(vii) Distribution of plan assets at end of period were:

(vi)

	% of fair value of total plan assets		
Percentage of assets at end of year	31 December 2010	31 December 2009	
Government securities and cash	52.2	53.3	
Overseas equities and bonds	14.0	13.5	
Local equities	25.2	24.2	
Loans	7.8	8.1	
Property	0.8	0.9	
Total	100.0	100.0	

15. **RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS (Cont'd)**

(viii) History of obligations, assets and experience adjustments:

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
Fair value of plan assets	352,496,541	323,092,281
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(454,942,323)	(443,189,705)
Surplus /(deficit)	(102,445,782)	(120,097,424)
Asset experience gain/ (loss) during the period	(3,640,049)	17,861,711
Liability experience gain/(loss) during the period	24,007,911	49,871,982

Expected Employer's contributions (estimate to be reviewed by the Sugar Insurance Fund Board) for (ix) the year ending 31 Dec 2011: Rs. 14,787,500

16. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
Provision for insurance compensation (see note 17)	15,314,868	193,250,000
Reinsurance premiums payable	2,467,268	6,022,270
Creditors for compensation and premium	76,637	174,367
Amounts owed to SIT planters	2,500	2,500
Other Creditors	99,846	99,846
Accruals	2,491,501	3,493,973
Provision for staff passage benefits (note 13)	2,600,000	2,000,000
Short term employee benefits (note 14)	8,037,380	7,643,017
	31,090,000	212,685,973

17. PROVISION FOR INSURANCE COMPENSATION

31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR	
193,250,000	406,676,407	
(190,811,047)	(406,676,407)	
12,875,915	193,250,000	
15,314,868	193,250,000	
	MUR 193,250,000 (190,811,047) 12,875,915	MURMUR193,250,000406,676,407(190,811,047)(406,676,407)12,875,915193,250,000

18. REINSURANCE PREMIUM

Reinsurance premium for Crop 2010 was paid under contract signed for an aggregate cover of 100% of the general premium income in excess of 150% of the general premium income. The Fund is a co-reinsurer to an extent of 50% of the cover.

19. **INVESTMENT INCOME**

	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR
Interest Income (i)	170,175,939	224,646,256
Dividends	27,823,590	26,139,683
	197,999,529	250,785,939
(i) Interest Income		
Held to maturities deposits	131,154,081	184,076,649
Cash and cash equivalent	23,416,241	23,434,070
Loans & receivables	15,605,617	17,135,537
	170,175,939	224,646,256

DISCOUNT ON PREMIUM TOR OF AUDIT 20.

The Board for Crop 2010 granted a discount of 70% on the general premium payable by Insureds, while for Crop 2009, a discount of 10% was granted.

21. **ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR
Included in administrative expenses are:		
Staff costs	112,539,561	107,843,061
Retirement benefits charge the Financial Statements	2,716,220	13,458,483
Provision for Employees Benefits	5,154,077	6,564,342
Depreclation	5,777,015	5,743,679
Directors fees for the Year Ended 31 Decemb	er 201 667,800	661,000
Auditors' remuneration	200,000	200,000

22. **OTHER LOSSES**

	Year ended 31 December 2010 MUR	Year ended 31 December 2009 MUR
Exchange loss on revaluation of foreign currency deposit Loss on disposal of Plant & Equipment	(36,937,198) (6,990)	(40,096,325) (18,880)
	(36,944,188)	(40,115,205)

23. **TAXATION**

The Fund is exempt from income tax

24. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Fund is making the following related party transaction disclosures in accordance with IAS 24, Related Party Disclosures:

	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
(a) Outstanding balances		
Loans advanced to:		REPORT OF TH
(i) Key management personnel	240,000	407,590
(ii) Entity under common control	24,000,000	32,000,000
	24,240,000	32,407,590 EREPUE

(i) Loans advanced to key management personnel under condition of service.

Loans advanced to entity under common control represent loans granted to Mauritius Housing (ii) Corporation Ltd.

(b) Transactions with entity under common directorship

-	Deposits	321,786,290	303,991,717	
-	Loans granted	309,590,942	597,466,724	

Transactions with entity under common directorship represent:

- deposits with Afrasia Bank and Axys Leasing Co. Ltd. (i)
- loans granted to the Mauritius Sugar Syndicate. (ii)

These transactions have been effected at full arm's length.

(C) Compensation of key management personnel:

	4,992,056	5,164,626
- Other benefits	706,904	696,535
- Post-employment benefits contribution	697,858	728,091
- Short term benefits	3,587,294	3,740,000

As per provisions of the Act constituting the Fund, the directors represent the interest of stakeholders. However, the Board considers that such representation does not trigger any other related party transactions that would require any further disclosure.

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

25.1 Significant accounting policies

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements.

25.2 Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets		
	31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR
- Held to maturity investments	1,735,307,344	2,192,371,002
- Loans and Receivables (including cash & Cash Equivalents and excluding prepayments)	1,813,746,964	1,669,886,014
- Available for sale financial assets	1,736,937,230	1,213,914,221
	5,285,991,538	5,076,171,237
Financial liabilities		
Liabilities	198,803,282	376,394,641

25.3 Financial risk management

The Fund is exposed to financial risks namely market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and market price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(i) Market risk

On the Financial Statements

The Fund's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

• Foreign currency risk management

The Fund undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Hence, the Fund is exposed to the risk that the exchange rate of the Mauritian rupee relative to the currencies listed below may change in a manner which has a material effect on the reported values of its financial assets and financial liabilities. The price paid to producers being influenced by the value of foreign currency exchange rates, reserves have been built in foreign currencies.

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

25.3 Financial risk management (cont'd)

The currency profile of the financial assets and financial liabilities is summarised as follows:-

Currency profile

	Financial Assets 2010 MUR	Financial liabilities 2010 MUR	Financial Assets 2009 MUR	Financial liabilities 2009 MUR
Currency				
Mauritian Rupees	3,603,207,603	198,803,282	3,862,126,618	376,394,641
United States Dollars	788,415,710	-	587,532,523	- DI
Euro	868,448,103	-	600,246,666	- 1/1
British Pounds	25,920,122	-	26,265,430	- OF
	5,285,991,538	198,803,282	5,076,171,237	376,394,641

The Fund is mainly exposed to USD and Euro.

The following table details the Fund's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the Rupee against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis includes only foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit and other equity where the Rupee strengthens by 1% against the relevant currency. There would be an equal and opposite impact on profit and other equity, if the rupee weakens by 1%.

(a) **USD** Impact

Profit or loss in statement of financial position Revaluation Reserve in statement of financial position

(b) EURO Impact

Profit or loss in statement of financial position Revaluation Reserve in statement of financial position

The above is mainly attributable to:

- (i) available-for-sale securities
- (ii) held to maturity securities and deposits

31 December 2010 MUR	31 December 2009 MUR	
5,911,538	4,483,620	
1,972,619	1,391,706	
7 707 002	5 310 224	
7,797,093 887,388	5,318,224 621,246	

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

25.3 Financial risk management (cont'd)

Interest rate risk management

The Fund is not exposed to interest rate risk as none of its financial liabilities is interest bearing and most of the Fund's loans receivable and fixed deposits are fixed-interest bearing.

2015		Fixed Int	erest rate	Floating In	terest rate	
		2010	2009	2010	2009	
Financial assets	Currency	%	%	%	%	
Bank Deposits	MUR	3.50 - 4.50	$PFA_{4.50}DT$		-	
Loan to MHC	MUR		F MAUDITIUS	9.25 - 10.25	10.25	
Loan to MSS	MUR	3.00 - 5.00	5.25 - 9.00	-	-	
Fixed deposits	MUR	5.25 - 8.10	6.40 - 13.15	6.00 - 6.80	6.75 - 10.15	
Fixed deposits	GBP	1.10 - 1.24	1.10 - 4.84	-	-	
Fixed deposits	USD	1.10 - 1.30	1.14 - 3.25	-	-	
Fixed deposits	EUR	1.96 - 2.50	0.85 - 4.78	-	-	
Yields on T.Bills	MUR	3.51 - 4.78	4.58 - 7.60	-	-	

The interest rate profile of the financial assets of the Fund as at 31 December 2010 was:-

• Market price risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices no matter whether these changes are caused by factors specific to the individual security or its issuer or factors affecting all securities traded in the market.

the Sugar Insurance Fund Board

The carrying amount of investments which are traded on the market may be subject to market price variations. The Fund manages this risk by holding a diversified portfolio of investments in Mauritius and overseas.

The following table details the Fund's sensitivity to a 1% decrease/increase in the price of its equity investments.

	2010 MUR	2009 MUR
Available-for-sale securities	17,369,372	12,139,142

(ii) Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the fund. The Fund's credit risk is primarily attributable to its insurance receivables. However, there was no concentration of credit risk at end of reporting period since there were no outstanding insurance receivables.

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

25.3 Financial risk management (cont'd)

(iii) Liquidity risk management

The Fund is exposed to calls on its available cash resources mainly from substantial claims arising from insurance contracts. The Fund manages this exposure through reinsurance.

The ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has built an appropriate framework for the management of the Fund's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Fund manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate liquidity reserves, banking facilities and highly liquid investments, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets.

The following table details the Fund's expected maturity for its financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flow of contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the fund anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Within 1 month MUR	1 to 3 months MUR	3 months to 1 year MUR	More than 1 year MUR	No fixed maturity MUR
Held to maturity (including interest)	139,344,670	332,237,966	1,233,907,309	29,817,399	-
Available-for-sale	-	-	14,914,547	1,000,000	1,721,022,683
Loans & Receivables (excluding prepayments)	154,371,442	158,063,545	8,000,000	28,905,910	59,495
Cash & cash equivalents	1,464,345,573	-	-		On the Financial of the Sugar Insu
	1,758,061,685	490,301,511	1,256,821,856	59,723,309	1,721,082,178 en Ende

The following table details the Fund's remaining maturity for its **contractual** liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flow of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Fund can be required to pay.

	Within 1 month MUR	1 to 3 months MUR	3 months to 1 year MUR	more than 1 year MUR
Liabilities	2,491,501	15,314,500	2,646,250	-

26. MANAGEMENT OF INSURANCE RISKS

Insurance risk

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the very nature of an insurance contract, this risk is random and therefore unpredictable.

For a portfolio of insurance contracts where the theory of probability is applied to pricing and provisioning, the principal risk that the Fund faces under its insurance contracts is the actual claims and benefit payments not covered by the reinsurance contracts.

Insurance contracts

(i) Frequency and severity of claims

If any, their severity is largely dependent upon climatic conditions prevailing such as the occurence of cyclones, droughts and excessive rainfall.

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Reinsurance/co-insurance arrangements are such that the Fund is adequately protected and would only suffer predetermined amounts.

(ii) Concentration of insurance risks

Because the Fund's main activities are restricted to providing insurance to the Sugar Industry against losses in sugar production, it faces similar risks in all of its insurance contracts such that the variability of the expected outcome cannot be reduced.

The Fund manages part of such risks through reinsurance arrangements mostly. The Fund's reinsurance strategy is set by its Board of Directors. It is itself responsible for monitoring and controlling reinsurance activity.

(iii) Sources of uncertainty in the estimation of future claim payments

Claims are payable on a claims-assessment basis. The Fund is liable for all insured risks that occurred during the crop year, even if the loss is discovered after the end of the crop year.

Although the Fund has in place estimation processes which consider all the factors that can influence the amount and timing of cash flows about the estimated costs of claims, such processes may prove to be very uncertain since the claims are mostly long tail. The Fund takes all reasonable steps to ensure that it has appropriate information regarding its claims exposures.

27. **SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS**

The risk associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables that complicate sensitivity analysis. The Fund uses assumptions based on internal and external data to measure its claims. Internal data is derived mostly from the Fund's records.

The assumptions used are as follows:

(i) Climatic conditions

Climatic conditions include effects of cyclonic winds, below long term mean rainfall and above long term mean rainfall.

(ii) Estimated islandwide tonnage of canes of 4.365 millions

Islandwide tonnage of canes is the total tonnage of canes harvested and milled.

Estimated islandwide extraction rate of 10.47% (iii)

Islandwide extraction rate is the sugar to be extracted from canes milled for sugar production based on the average % polarisation of cane (richesse).

Estimated islandwide sugar production of 457,000 tonnes (iv)

Islandwide sugar production is the total estimated sugar produced out of the total estimated tonnage of canes milled at the estimated islandwide extraction rate.

Estimated Harvestable Extent of 57,700 Hectares (v)

Harvestable extent is the total land under cane cultivation meant for sugar production.

(vi) Estimated islandwide Total Insurable Sugar 493,000 tonnes

Islandwide total insurable sugar is based on the individual sugar potential of each insured and the estimated harvestable extent of cane growers.

(vii) Estimated islandwide average ranking 9.4

The islandwide average ranking is the average ranking of all insureds weighted by their total insurable sugar (potential).

The main variable which has the most material effect on insurance liabilities is total sugar production. The Directors believe that the liability for the claims carried at the year end is adequate. An adverse variance of estimated islandwide sugar production to the extent of 1% would require the recognition of an additional amount of MUR 38 million.

28. CLAIMS HISTORY AND DEVELOPMENT

The claims history and development is summarised below:

General and Fire insurance

Crop Year	General and Fire Compensation	General and Fire Premium (gross)	Loss Ratio
2010	19,158,000 (Fire only)	512,194,395 **	3.7%
2009	195,755,311	651,131,000 ***	30.1%
2008	413,151,817	718,619,771	57.5%
2007 REPOR	857,278,983	838,498,228	102.2%
2006 DIR	583,572,641	849,437,679	68.7%
²⁰⁰⁵ OF TH	575,718,022	896,012,073	64.3%

** Before deduction of a discount of Rs 354.2 Million given to Insureds.

*** Before deduction of a discount of Rs 64.46 Million given to Insureds.

No reinsurance proceeds were receivable for crop years 2005 to 2010.

29. CONTROLLING PARTY

The Government of Mauritius is regarded as the controlling party as it appoints the directors of the Fund.

of the Sugar Insurance Fund Board for the Year Ended 31 December 2010



APPENDIX B

FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL TABLES

- Table I: Statement of Funds
- Table II: Reinsurance
- TableIII:Fire Statistics, Crop 2010
- Table IV: Sugar Price
- TableV:Analysis by Ranking, Crop 2010
- TableVI:Events by Factory Area, 2001 2010
- Table VII: Events (1957 2010)
- Table VIII:
 Credit Co-operative Societies, Crop 2010
- Table IX: Millers, Crop 2010
- TableX:Area Harvested & Cane Weight, Crop 2010
- Table
 XI:
 Number of Planters, Sugar Produced & Insurable Sugar, Crop 2010
- Table XII: Premium, Compensation & Shortfall, Crop 2010
- Table XIII:Past Years Data (2001 2010)

STAFF MATTERS

Financial

Table I : Statement of Funds

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	Operating Cumulative Surplus/ Fund (Deficit) Reserves		1,348,752,913 1,348,752,913	584,856,552 1,933,609,465	(39,572,403) 1,894,037,062	401,149,968 2,295,187,030	305,085,385 2,600,272,415	298,695,064 2,898,967,479	128,548,046 3,027,515,525	485,245,417 3,512,760,942	448,736,775 3,961,497,717	155,318,736 4,116,816,453	4,116,816,453
	Total Op Expenditure (D)		12,061,712,388 1,348,	331,108,438 584,	1,094,845,307 (39,5	868,296,076 401,	768,820,116 305,	795,136,249 298,	1,117,353,383 128,	602,116,089 485,	461,347,167 448,	588,575,058 155,	18,689,310,271 4,116,
Expenditure	Operating & Other Expenses	Note 7	927,824,767	90,085,102	95,418,324	93,884,812	101,975,541	128,419,854	169,436,205	128,694,493	210,954,003	530,339,521	2,477,032,622
Expen	Net Reinsurance Premium	Note 6	1,626,479,406	171,179,007	185,291,404	145,377,305	91,126,553	83,143,754	83,191,051	61,745,852	53,810,602	39,077,537	2,540,422,471
	Net compensation	Note 5	9,507,408,215	69,844,329	814,135,579	62 <mark>9,</mark> 033,959	575,718,022	583,572,641	864,726,127	411,675,744	196,582,562	19,158,000	13,671,855,178
	Total Income		13,410,465,301	915,964,990	1,055,272,904	1,269,446,044	1,073,905,501	1,093,831,313	1,245,901,429	1,087,361,506	910,083,942	743,893,794	22,806,126,724 13,671,855,178
Income	Investments & Other Income	Note 4	1,847,652,763	188,511,709	255,044,145	432,189,979	177,893,428	244,393,634	407,357,609	369,475,477	252,833,741	231,699,399	4,407,051,884
Inc	Other contributions	Note 3	2,109,608,146	-							6,119,201		2,115,727,347
	Gross Premium	Note 2	9,453,204,392	727,453,281	800,228,759	837,256,065	896,012,073	849,437,679	838,543,820	717,886,029	651,131,000	512,194,395	16,283,347,493
	Financial Year		up to 2000/2001	2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	TOTAL

- Figures for financial years 2003/2004, 2004/2005 and 2007 have been restated on application of new IFRS
- Gross Premium includes Total General and Fire Premium receivable from all insureds. 2
- Other contributions include receipts from Price Stabilisation Fund, Cyclone and Drought Reserve Fund, Special levy, Recoveries from Reinsurers and other transfers from reserves. 3 4
 - Other income includes all other items not classified under Note 2 and 3 and also includes items posted directly to reserves.
 - Net compensation includes amounts payable during the financial year/period, net of adjustments. 5
- Reinsurance premium is based on amounts payable during the financial year/period, net of adjustments. 9
 - Operating & Other expenses include all other items not classified under Note 5 and 6 1

Financial Year	Reinsurance Premium Rs.	Reinsurance Compensation Rs.
Up to 2000/2001	1,640,102,727	1,746,907,836
2001/2002	179,737,907	-
2002/2003	194,555,974	-
2003/2004	273,734,284	-
2004/2005	114,970,722	-
2005/2006	98,956,256	-
2007	83,191,051	-
2008	61,745,852	
2009	53,810,602	6,119,201
2010	39,077,537	1

Table II: Reinsurance

Note 1: Gross reinsurance premium inclusive of SIFB share of participation.

Note 2: In respect of crop 1999, see 'Statement of Comprehensive Income' on page 29.

Note 3: Figures for financial year 2004/2005 have been restated on the application of IFRS in the financial year 2005/2006.

Sector	Cases Compensated (Number)	Effective Area Burnt (Hectares) (1)	Total Area Harvested (Hectares) (2)	Area Burnt as % of Area Harvested %(1)/(2)
North	169	100.818	13,186	0.8
East	36	23.554	16,322	0.1
South	42	138.994	17,942	0.8
West & Centre	42	54.653	10,220	0.5
Island	289	318.019	57,670	0.6

Table III: Fire Statistics, Crop 2010

Table IV: Sugar Price

	Planters	Millers	Weighted
		(Rupees)	
2001	12,875	12,650	12,826
2002	14,252	14,100	14,219
2003	15,316	15,200	15,290
2004	16,094	15,900	16,051
2005	17,392	17,050	17,317
2006	17,120	16,700	17,028
2007	18,206	17,900	18,139
2008	16,444	16,000	16,346
2009	15,627	15,000	15,489
2010	13,409	12,700	13,253

	Planters	Area	Canes	Insurable	Sugar	Shortfall	General	General
Ranking		Harvested	Milled	Sugar	Produced		Premium	Compensation
	(Number)	(Hectares)		(Tonnes)			(Rupees)	ees)
Up to 5.4	4,831	4,150	234,817	23,388	18,484		27,537,095	
5.5 - 5.9	2,652	2,426	154,389	14,290	12,336	,	16,594,060	
6.0 - 6.4	2,537	3,071	209,910	18,890	17,010		21,667,683	
6.5 - 6.9	2,413	2,614	187,102	24,736	21,225		27,570,293	
7.0 - 7.4	1,495	2,193	149,498	13,618	11,936		15,273,640	
7.5-7.9	1,323	3,789	295,644	42,320	40,493		45,762,563	
8.0-8.4	1,146	7,364	582,888	50,270	47,557		54,948,315	
8.5 - 8.9	897	2,795	215,988	37,521	34,344	,	39,441,629	
9.0-9.4	727	931	64,072	6,063	5,288	,	6,451,879	
9.5 - 9.9	586	1,457	102,925	9,141	8,407	,	9,509,088	
10.0 -10.4	450	8,399	657,459	114,909	104,303	,	114,577,541	
10.5 -10.9	347	6,493	515,478	53,369	52,930	•	52,898,145	
11.0 -11.4	238	184	14,068	1,282	1,156	•	1,259,989	
11.5 -11.9	228	3,014	213,383	18,149	17,266	•	17,458,999	
12.0 -12.4	133	1,579	104,614	9,253	8,291	•	8,540,836	
12.5 -12.9	95	64	5,151	473	426	•	426,561	
13.0 -13.4	64	3,724	358,374	29,643	31,532	,	25,953,242	
13.5 -13.9	43	160	70,591	5,851	5,468	•	4,980,337	
14.0 - 14.4	29	23	1,582	155	131	•	125,289	
14.5 -14.9	30	2,100	182,528	16,083	15,015		12,120,732	
15.0 or more	47	540	45,333	3,902	3,533		2,877,969	ı
	20 311	57 67N	A 365 704	103 206	157 121		EDE 07E 00E	

Table V: Analysis by Ranking, Crop 2010

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
				North	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
D	C&D&E	C&D		D&E	D&E	C&D&E	D&E	D&E		
D	C&D&E	C&D		D&E	D&E	C&D&E	D&E	D&E		
				East						
D	C&D&E	C&E	E	E	C&D&E	C&D&E	E	D&E		
	C&D&E	C&E	E	E	C&D&E	C&D&E	E	D&E		
				South						
D	C&D&E				Mill Cea	ased Operati	on			
	C&D&E	C&E	E	E	C&D&E	Mill Ceased Operation				
	C&D&E	C&E	E	E	C&D&E	Mill Ceased Operation				
D				N	fill Ceased C	peration				
	C&E	C&E	E	E	C&D&E	C&D&E	E	E		
	C&D&E	C&E	E	E		Mill Ceased Operation				
	C&D&E	C&E	E	E	C&D&E	C&D&E E E Mill Ceased Operation				
West & Centre										
D	C&E	D	-	D&E	D&E	C&D&E	D&E	D&E		
D				Ν	/ill Ceased o	peration				
D	C&D&E	C&E	E	E	C&D&E	C&D&E	Mil	l Ceased	Operation	
	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Image: Constraint of the second straint of the second str	Image: state of the state	Image: state in the state	Image: state of the state	Image: space of the state of	Image: Normal and the second	ImageImageImageImageImageDC&D&EC&DCⅅ&ED&EC&D &ED&EDC&D&EC&DC&DDD&ED&EC&D &EDDC&D&EC&DC&DCCEECCDECC&D&EC&EEEC&D &ECCDEECC&D&EC&EECCCDCEEDC&D&EC&EEECCDCFTC&D&EC&EEECCDFFTC&DC&EEECCCFFTC&DC&EEECCDFFTC&DC&EEECCDFFTC&DC&EEECCDFFTC&DC&EEECCCDFFTC&DC&EEECCCDFF	Image: Normal stateImage: Normal stateImage: Normal stateDC&D&EC&DCⅅ&ED&EC&D&ED&ED&EDC&D&EC&DC&DD	

Table VI: Events by Factory Area, 2001 - 2010

C: Cyclone

D : Drought

E : Excessive Rainfall

Events	1957 to	1960 to	1970 to	1980 to	1990 to	2000 to	2010	Total
	1959	1969	1979	1989	1999	2009		
с	1	4	2	1	1			9
C & D		2	2		2			6
C, D & E			1			4		5
C & E				2				2
D	2	4	2	4	5	1		18
D&E			2	2	2	4		10
E			1	1		1		3

Table VII: Events (1957 - 2010)

Legend: C : Cyclone

D : Drought

E : Excessive Rainfall

Sector	Planters	Area Harvested	Sugar Produced	Insurable Sugar	General Premium	General Compensation
	(Number)	(Hectares)	(Ton	nes)	(R	upees)
North	2,449	1,579	9,287	10,256	11,765,129	
East	3,336	2,255	11,880	14,101	15,422,531	
South	2,753	1,695	8,689	10,120	11,077,374	A Constant
West & Centre	924	652	3,153	3,699	4,139,151	
Island	9,462	6,181	33,009	38,176	42,404,185	16-1-195

Table VIII: Credit Co-operative Societies, Crop 2010

Sector	Millers	Sugar Produced	Insurable Sugar	General Premium	General Compensation
	(Number)	(Тог	nnes)	(R	upees)
North	2	22,606	25,230	26,585,027	-
East	2	36,643	39,522	39,355,198	-
South	1	30,371	33,874	32,738,215	-
West & Centre	1	10,364	9,905	9,346,504	-
Island	6	99,984	108,531	108,024,944	-

Table IX: Millers, Crop 2010

Sector	24 11 11 11 11	Up to	0.5 to	1 to	2 to	5 to	10 to	100 H and	Total
24673		0.49 H	H 66.0	1.99 H	4.99 H	9.99 H	99.99 H	above	
North	Area Harvested (Hectares)	746	798	905	1,010	286	380	9,061	13,186
al and	Cane Weight (Tonnes)	57,451	60,730	68,558	77,110	20,567	26,489	728,919	1,039,824
East	Area Harvested (Hectares)	877	1,103	1,260	1,554	514	541	10,473	16,322
a free set	Cane Weight (Tonnes)	57,415	68,397	78,133	97,963	32,027	31,362	817,171	1,182,468
South	Area Harvested (Hectares)	860	1,096	1,075	1,162	492	810	12,447	17,942
	Cane Weight (Tonnes)	56,938	65,405	65,557	71,212	32,194	54,952	1,013,470	1,359,728
West & Centre	Area Harvested (Hectares)	297	712	589	482	285	609	7,246	10,220
10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	Cane Weight (Tonnes)	17,079	39,052	34,445	30,108	21,147	41,669	600,274	783,774
Island	Area Harvested (Hectares)	2,780	3,709	3,829	4,208	1,577	2,340	39,227	57,670
and the	Cane Weight (Tonnes)	188,883	233,584	246,693	276,393	105,935	154,472	3,159,834	4,365,794

Table X: Area Harvested & Cane Weight, Crop 2010

Table XI: Number of Planters, Sugar Produced & Insurable Sugar, Crop 2010

	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A								•	
Sector		Up to 0.49 H	0.5 to 0.99 H	1 to 1.99 H	2 to 4.99 H	5 to 9.99 H	10 to 99.99 H	100 H and above	Millers	Total
221	Number of Planters	2,965	1,117	656	346	43	16	11	2	5,156
North	Sugar Produced (Tonnes)	4,410	4,659	5,250	5,923	1,627	2,113	59,506	22,606	106,094
	Insurable Sugar (Tonnes)	4,960	5,261	5,878	6,547	1,891	2,529	62,388	25,230	114,684
	Number of Planters	3,430	1,536	305	532	75	29	2	2	6,514
East	Sugar Produced (Tonnes)	4,753	5,646	6,444	8,072	2,634	2,581	68,026	36,643	134,799
	Insurable Sugar (Tonnes)	5,667	6,859	7,742	9,605	3,078	3,312	70,877	39,522	146,662
	Number of Planters	3,133	1,518	761	395	74	26	15	1	5,923
South	Sugar Produced (Tonnes)	4,554	5,211	5,239	5,647	2,561	4,353	81,337	30,371	139,273
See 1 and	Insurable Sugar (Tonnes)	5,414	6,223	6,289	6,701	2,908	4,688	87,856	33,874	153,953
	Number of Planters	1,128	925	427	167	40	20	10	1	2,718
West & Centre	Sugar Produced (Tonnes)	1,374	3,080	2,748	2,435	1,778	3,476	51,710	10,364	76,965
	Insurable Sugar (Tonnes)	1,663	3,762	3,357	2,827	1,935	4,138	50,420	9,905	78,007
	Number of Planters	10,656	5,096	2,749	1,440	232	91	41	9	20,311
Island	Sugar Produced (Tonnes)	15,091	18,596	19,681	22,077	8,600	12,523	260,579	99,984	457,131
	Insurable Sugar (Tonnes)	17,704	22,105	23,266	25,680	9,812	14,667	271,541	108,531	493,306

A NOT A NUMBER OF	100 CO	and the second se	and the second sec							
Sector		Up to 0.49 H	0.5 to 0.99 H	1 to 1.99 H	2 to 4.99 H	5 to 9.99 H	10 to 99.99 H	100 H and above	Millers	Total
1	Premium (Rs)	5,701,619	6,054,044	6,759,301	7,526,130	2,146,238	2,933,954	67,985,687	26,585,027	125,692,000
North	Compensation (Rs)			•			I	1	ı	ı
	Shortfall (Tonnes)	1. 195	•	1.						
	Premium (Rs)	6,233,445	7,569,898	8,500,423	10,623,990	3,346,385	3,616,652	72,938,157	39,355,198	152,184,148
East	Compensation (Rs)	1		ı		1	ı		ı	ı
	Shortfall (Tonnes)	ı								
×	Premium (Rs)	5,971,114	6,904,316	6,933,390	7,402,659	3,210,662	4,979,885	83,030,961	32,738,215	151,171,202
South	Compensation (Rs)				-	•	ı	•	ı	I
	Shortfall (Tonnes)			1.	· · ·					
	Premium (Rs)	1,889,206	4,294,995	3,809,745	3,191,350	2,185,845	4,677,980	47,532,910	9,346,504	76,928,535
West & Centre	Compensation (Rs)	I	ı	I	ı	I	ı	ı	I	I
-	Shortfall (Tonnes)	ı		ı			ı			
	Premium (Rs)	19,795,384	24,823,253	26,002,859	28,744,129	10,889,130	16,208,471	271,487,715	108,024,944	505,975,885
Island	Compensation (Rs)			•	•			•		•
	Shortfall (Tonnes)	the second		·				•		

Table XII: Premium, Compensation & Shortfall, Crop 2010

Table XIII: Past Years Data (2001 - 2010)

	Events		۵	D; E; C: Dina	D; E; C: Gerry, Manou	ш	D&E	D; E; C: Diwa	D; E; C: Gamede	D&E	D&E	-
Crop	Reduction	%	5	24	19	11	17	17	23	16	10	7
General	Compensation	(Rupees Th)	63,938	814,662	628,513	349,302	566,857	581,800	848,782	406,633	178,644	
General	Premium	(Ru	720,384	793,416	830,615	849,606	889,665	843,454	830,595	711,852	644,223	505,976
Shortfall			8,497	94,189	66,943	36,120	54,188	56,736	77,774	40,718	18,919	
Insurable	Sugar	es)	682,455	684,373	662,649	644,356	628,854	608,730	567,003	540,382	523,354	493,306
Sugar	Produced	(Tonnes)	648,090	523,167	538,904	574,140	521,541	506,576	438,068	455,374	470,895	457,131
Canes	Milled		5,792,327	4,874,043	5,200,045	5,281,455	4,984,315	4,695,173	4,236,793	4,533,384	4,666,949	4,365,794
Area	Harvested	(Hectares)	72,087	71,482	69,995	68,745	67,404	65,243	63,188	60,381	59,108	57,670
Planters		(Number)	28,659	28,165	28,046	27,617	26,898	25,693	24,342	22,747	21,498	20,311
Crop	Year		2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

E: Excessive Rainfall

Note: C: Cyclone

D: Drought

STAFF MATTERS

1. STAFF LIST

Head Office

Lucette M D Athion, Aniffa B Aumeerally, Roopnarain Ballgobin, Sarowsati D Basant Rai, Shilamanee Belut, Ramraj Bhuttooah, Rajshree D Boodhoo, Subhashini D Boodhoo, Vijaya Bundhoo, Usha D Bundhun, Shashikala D Chamroo, Veenah D M D Chinappen, Johnny S S Chong Chap Sin, Fritz J L Chowrimootoo, Parthiben P Coopamah, Rajcoomaree Dabee, Kavita Damry, Maha Devi Dewan, Mahendranath Dewkurrun, Kavita Doollub, Jayshree Gangaram, Deorajnuth Gansam, Chandarman Ghumondee, Gaoutam Gooroochurn, Dayen Gujadhur, Madhvee Gunesh, Titrunjansing Gunesssing, Gajendrasingh Gungadeen, Basmattee Guness, Sunanda Halkhoree, Amrita M Huree, Rameshwari Jagun, Anund Jahul, Devina M Jankee, Saffick Janoo, Suresh Jatoonah, Vijay K Jeewooth, Sonalall Jhurree, Vishnuduth Jooron, Rajendranath Kallychurn, Seevananda Kathapermal, Yantee D Khemraz, Kaliani Koolash, Sheela D Koonja, Ram Kunniah, Umadevi Kurreemun, Yan Lock Son, Ranita H J R S Mahadeo, Kendmati Maulloo, Naraindre Motee, Youveraj Nathoo, Jimmy Y K Newk-Fon Hey Tow, Mohammad Ameen I Noormahomed, Krishna J Pareemanun, Sabita Pattoo, Cheryl M V Payet, Yashin M Peermamode, Deven Perianen, Arvin Poreema, Devendra K Purmessur, Diness Purryag, Kanta Purryag, Sarojun Ragen-Beeharry, Mirabai S Ragudu, Sarojni Ramanna, Vidia Ramaswami, Rajwantee Rambojun, Lakshika D Ramkissoon, Chandnee Ramlall, Prathiba Ramlochund, Pritee Ramnochane, Devika Ramrecha, Rajwantee Ramrichia, Hemwantee Ramsokul, Roshila Devi Rekhaye, Brijanand Runglollsing, Asraf Ali Sahajasein, Florence Seblin, Shashimala Seeboo, Shashimala Servansingh, Roshni Sonahee, Surekha N D Soobrayen, Jayendra Sookdeb, Rajkarrun Sookun, Rajcoomaree Soopal, Phoolmani Sooruyah, Nandinee Sreemantoo, Rita Surjoo, Rajkumari Tauckoor, Krishnamoorthy P Vayapooree.

Camp De Masque

Raouf Bhaukaurally, Gowtam Bulato, Dhaneswar Bumma, Appanah S Cuniah, Premduth Jugnarain, Tayeb M Kaderbathia, Shyamduth Luttoo, Rakesh Naiko, Shiam Narsimulu, Saoud M Nunhuck, Narainsamy Pothen, Devanand Rajoo, Ramesh Rambhojoo, Pardoomandass Seebaluck, Krishnanund Sheoraj, Raz Siburuth, Hossen Soodhoo, Prem Taulloo

Mare D' Albert

Mardaymootoo Andian, Sadasiven Arnasalon, Gooroodeo Bansy, Manoj K Beedasy, Anandpersad Beeharry, Koomar Bhunjun, Virendra K Bissoonauth, Tikaram Boodhooa, Jagdice Buchoo, Rajen Bundhun, Pierre H Chevathian, Toolsee Groodoyal, Nundkishore Kissensing, Jaideo Mokoonlall, Dharmanand Nathoo, Sanjeet Nistar, Rafick M Nunnoo, Goraj Peryagh, Anthony S Pillay, Narainsamy Pydiah, Asutosh S Ramsahye, Sanassee Sanassee, Kissorlall Seechurn, Romeswar Seegolum, Jose M Soobrayen, Maheshwarnath Soogumbur, Pravin Sooklaul, Tarkeshwarnath Soonarane, Lutchmeenarain Sunassee

Pamplemousses

Moossa Aiahsaib, Anand Appa, Rajendra K Baboolall, Subash L Bamma, Rajnish Bhuckory, Rajcoomarsing Bijlall, Sookraj Bissessur, Beepraj Bohorun, Sasan Buton, Sanjeev K Callycharn, Nundeo Chacoory, Omduth Choolun, Clovis L J C Colomes, Devadasen Curpen, Prakash S Dinnoo, Darshan Dookhy, Deodass Emerith, Vivendra Goorah, Satyanand Hulkua, Chutterghoon Khettoo, Harrish Khoodeeram, Issoop Leddha, Ramcharan Maywah, Hunsraj Mungur, Sooriadeho Punchu, Parsooram A Ramasawmy, Ishwarduth Ramchurn, Ootamduth Ramkeesoon, Rakesh Ramkurrun, Dewjit Ramsahye, Soopramanien Ramsamy, Yahsin Sheik Fareed, Satiavrat Sookaloo, Amarnath Sookun, Devkumarsing Sreepaul, Rajandra R Surjoo, Khelawon Teeluck

Quartier Militaire

Sadaseeven Anadachee, Rishikumar Arsadi, Yogeshwar Bachasingh, Rajnan Baldeo, Kesswar Balgobin, Rengasamy Beemadoo, Rajcoomar Bhoondah, Doorwanand Bissessur, Annoopam Shyam Buljeeon, Bohwaneswar Chitamun, Nandarajen Coolanaden, Vijayatma Daby, Shaheed Dargaye, Ishwardeo Golam, Nazirkhan Hossen, Vishal Kadooa, Dawandranath Maghun, Ramlagun Mautadin, Amal D Mohabeer, Rajeshwur Mohajeer, Seikanand Mohun, Shanmoogum Mookien, Ramjeet Moorut, Soodesh Multra, Moonoosawmy Paniken, Brijesh B Ramdewor, Sakuntala Ramhit, Doorgacharrun S Ramiad, Bhojuswar Ramkissoon, Deepak Ramtohul, Benymadho Roopun, Dev A Sauba, Asokumardass Seebaluck, Arveen Seewooram, Soodesh Sohabul, Danilall Sookun

Souillac

Atchanah Appiah, Dharma Rajen Beelatoo, Bramdath Bhooabul, Beerjanand Bhunjun, Shantaram Bhurtun, Seevaramen Coomaraswamy Pillai , Veeraj Coondiah, Sumangal Dewoo, Vatanlall Gangoo, Lutchmeepersad Ghoora, Sookram Goberdhan, Rishi K Greedharee, Rohit Jahajeeah, Yemraj Jamansing, Dinanath Jayeprokash, Mohundranath Jumnah, Randhir Kissensing, Sudess Luchman, Sada Mooneesawmy, Sarvam Nuckcheda, Oomraj Nundun, Soorieadeo Ramdowar, Ravi Sham, Christian Soobroydoo, Jayduth Teeluck, Amritlall Toory

Vacoas

Brown Appadoo, Reshad Bhaukaurally, Amarsing Dinajsing, Jeewan Garibdass, Surendranath Gopal, Ravind Jeewooth, Shivranee Jhurkut, Satyanand Kanhye, Bhimsen Mangra, Ibrahim Mathurah, Harrish Mungur, Chatterjee Nathoo, Reshad M Oozeer, Noorani M Peerun, Kaylass Ramsokul, Mohamedally Rosun, Ignace Sandean, Ranjeet Seebun, Ramchundar Seekunto, Ishwar S Seewoonauth, Krist Sooben, Sanjaye Tackopersadh, Soopayah Veeren

2. RETIREMENTS

- i. Mrs Kenmati Maulloo K, Claims Officer, retired on 07.04.10 after 41 years of service.
- ii. Mr Ramraj Bhuttooah, Senior /Head Officer Attendant, retired on 03.08.10 after 33 years of service.
- iii. Mr S Coomaraswamy Pillai, Senior Field Officer, retired on 09.09.10 after 30 years of service.
- iv. Mrs Sunanda Halkhoree, Claims Officer, retired on 12.12.10 after 34 years of service.

3. **RESIGNATIONS**

Mr Rakesh Ramkurrun, Field Officer, resigned from his post on 05.08.10

4. OBITUARY

It is noted with regret that Mr. Dev Anand Sauba, Senior Field Officer, passed away on 19.11.10, after 34 years of service.

The Sugar Insurance Fund Board expresses its deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.

5. TRAINING OF STAFF

The following in-service courses were provided to staff during the year 2010:

- i. Training in First Aid;
- ii. IT training on applications used by each department;
- iii. Training for inspectorate staff on registration and registration procedures;
- iv. Input of post harvest inspection findings.

GLOSSARY

Crop Year	Period beginning on the 1st of June in any year and ending on the 31st of May in the following year.
Event Year	In respect of any factory area, a crop year is declared an event year on account of the occurrence of all or any of the following causes: cyclones, drought or excessive rainfall.
Factory Area (F. A.)	Area assigned by the Cane Planters and Millers Arbitration and Control Board to a factory
I. S. H.	Insurable Sugar per Hectare
Insured	A Planter, Sugar Estate, Miller or Metayer
Metayer	A person who, by agreement with a planter, cultivates cane on land which belongs to the planter and in consideration for the use of land, gives the planter a portion of the annual sugar yield of such land, with or without any additional payment
Miller	Any person, or group of persons, operating a factory and includes any person, acting as Manager for that person or group of persons
Planter	Any person, or group of persons, growing canes in a factory area and includes any person acting as Manager for that person or group of persons
Tonnes	Metric tons



SUGAR INSURANCE FUND BOARD

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